

U.S.S.N. 09/096,648
HADLACZKY et al.
AMENDMENT

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 1-31, 45-58 and 61-63 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Please add claims 64-81 as follows:

— 64. A method for producing a transgenic animal, comprising introducing a satellite artificial chromosome into an animal cell; and exposing the animal cell containing the artificial chromosome to conditions whereby a transgenic animal develops therefrom. —

Sub B⁶ — 65. The method of claim 64, wherein the animal cell is a fertilized ovum. —

— 66. The method of claim 64, wherein the animal cell is an embryonic cell. —

a! *Sub B⁷* — 67. The method of claim 64, wherein the satellite artificial chromosome is a megachromosome derived from a cell line having all of the identifying characteristics of the cell line deposited under ECACC accession number 96040928 or 96040929. —

— 68. A non-human transgenic animal produced by the method of claim 64, wherein the animal comprises a satellite artificial chromosome. —

— 69. The non-human transgenic animal of claim 68, wherein the animal is a mammal. —

— 70. The non-human transgenic mammal of claim 69, wherein the mammal is a mouse. —

— 71. The method of claim 43, wherein the animal cell is an embryonic stem cell or a fertilized ovum. —

— 72. The method of claim 43, wherein:
the DNA encoding the selectable marker and the DNA encoding the gene product or products are separately introduced into the cell;

the DNA encoding the gene product or products further comprises DNA encoding a second selectable marker, wherein the second selectable marker is different from the other selectable marker; and

the cell is grown under conditions that selectively permit the growth of a cell containing the DNA both after the DNA encoding the selectable marker is introduced into the cell and after the DNA encoding the gene product or products and a selectable marker is introduced into the cell. —

Sub B⁸ — 73. A method for producing a transgenic animal, comprising
introducing DNA encoding a gene product or products into a cell containing the minichromosome of cell line EC3/7C5;
growing the cell under selective conditions, whereby cells comprising minichromosomes comprising the DNA encoding the gene product(s) are produced;
isolating the minichromosome and introducing it into an animal cell;
and
exposing the animal cell containing the minichromosome to condition whereby a transgenic animal develops therefrom.

— 74. A method for producing a transgenic animal, comprising
introducing DNA encoding a gene product or products into a cell containing the λ neo-chromosome of cell line KE1 2/4;
growing the cell under selective conditions, whereby cells comprising the λ neo-chromosome comprising the DNA encoding the gene product(s) are produced;
isolating the λ neo-chromosome and introducing it into an animal cell; and
exposing the animal cell containing the λ neo-chromosome to conditions whereby a transgenic animal develops therefrom.

— 75. A non-human transgenic animal produced by the method of claim 43, wherein the animal comprises a minichromosome comprising a neo-centromere. —

U.S.S.N. 09/096,648
HADLACZKY et al.
AMENDMENT

—76. The non-human transgenic animal of claim 75, wherein the animal is a mammal. —

—77. The non-human transgenic mammal of claim 76, wherein the mammal is a mouse. —

Q1 —78. A non-human transgenic animal produced by the method of claim 44, wherein the animal comprises a minichromosome that comprises a selectable marker and euchromatin. —

—79. A non-human transgenic animal comprising a satellite artificial chromosome. —

—80. The non-human transgenic animal of claim 79, wherein the animal is a mammal. —

—81. The non-human transgenic mammal of claim 80, wherein the mammal is a mouse. —

Please amend claims 32, 35-44, 59 and 60 as follows:

ASub B2 32. (Amended) A method for producing a transgenic animal, comprising introducing a satellite artificial chromosome [[SATAC]] into an embryonic cell; and
exposing the cell containing the satellite artificial chromosome to conditions whereby a transgenic animal develops therefrom.

Q3 35. (Amended) The method of claim 32, wherein the [SATAC] satellite artificial chromosome comprises heterologous DNA that encodes a therapeutic product.

Sub B3 36. (Amended) The method of claim [32] 35, wherein the product is the cystic fibrosis transmembrane regulatory protein [CFTR], an anti-HIV ribozyme, or a tumor suppressor gene.

37. (Amended) The method of claim [32] 36, wherein the anti-HIV ribozyme is an anti-*gag* ribozyme, and the tumor suppressor gene is p53.

3
a 38. (Amended) The method of claim [32] 35, wherein the product comprises an antigen that upon expression induces a ~~immunoprotective~~ response against a pathogen in the ~~transgenic~~ animal.

39. (Amended) The method of claim [32] 35, wherein the product comprises a plurality of antigens that upon expression induce an immunoprotective response against a plurality of pathogens.

40. (Amended) The method of claim 32, wherein the ~~transgenic animal~~ is a fish, insect, ~~[reptile, amphibians, arachnid]~~ amphibian, bird or mammal.

Sub B 41. (Amended) The method of claim 32, wherein the ~~[SATAG] satellite-~~ artificial chromosome is introduced by cell fusion, microinjection, microcell fusion, electroporation, microprojectile bombardment or direct DNA transfer.

42. (Amended) A non-human transgenic animal produced by the method of claim 32, wherein the animal comprises cells containing a satellite artificial chromosome.

Sub B 43. (Amended) A method of producing a transgenic [plant or] animal, comprising:

introducing [a] DNA [fragment] into a first cell[, wherein the DNA fragment comprises a selectable marker];

growing the cell under [selective] conditions that selectively permit the growth of a cell containing the DNA [to produce cells that have incorporated the DNA into their genomic DNA]; [and]

selecting a cell that comprises a minichromosome that is about 10 Mb to about 50 Mb that comprises a neo-centromere, the DNA [the selectable marker] and euchromatin;

[isolating] transferring the minichromosome [and introducing it] into [an or] a second cell, wherein the second cell is an animal cell; and

exposing the animal cell containing the minichromosome to conditions whereby a transgenic animal develops therefrom wherein,

a³
c
the DNA comprises DNA encoding a selectable marker and a gene product or products;

the DNA encoding the selectable marker and the DNA encoding the gene product or products are introduced into the cell simultaneously or separately;
and

the transgenic animal comprises a minichromosome.

44. (Amended) [The] A method of {claim 43, wherein:] producing a transgenic animal, comprising:

introducing a DNA fragment into a cell, wherein the DNA fragment comprises a selectable marker;

growing the cell under selective conditions to produce cells that have incorporated the DNA fragment into their genomic DNA;

selecting a cell that comprises a minichromosome that is about 10 Mb to about 50 Mb that comprises the selectable marker and euchromatin;

[after selecting] introducing into the cell[,] DNA encoding a gene product or products [is introduced into the cell, and];

growing the cell [is grown] under selective conditions, whereby cells comprising minichromosomes comprising the DNA encoding the gene product(s) are produced; and

isolating the minichromosome and introducing it into an animal cell.

a⁴
59. (Amended) The method of claim [43] 44, wherein the minichromosome comprising the selectable marker and euchromatin is the minichromosome present in the cell line EC3/7C5.

60. (Amended) The method of claim [43] 44, wherein the [chromosome] minichromosome comprising the selectable marker and euchromatin is the λ neo-chromosome in the cell line KE1 2/4.